



Co-organizers: J. Norris, G. Barbiellini, B. Dingus, G. Share, R. Svensson

The 30+ member GRB-SF Science Team – all those who have expressed interest – spans the LAT team, GBM team, SSC, and the community.

"Core Software Group" includes: S. Bansal, J. Bonnell, J. Cohen-Tanugi, M. Kippen, F. Longo, N. Omodei, J. Scargle, J. McEnery, J. Norris

EGRET/BATSE cross-calibration effort: B. Dingus, R. Preece

Combined LAT+GBM GRB analysis tools effort: D. Band

October 22, 2002 GRB-SF Science Team LAT Collaboration Meeting -- 1



#### **GRB-SF Team: Current Focus**

- ✓ Simulations: Construct synthetic GRBs spanning LAT+GBM energy range.
- ✓ LAT trigger: Optimize a realizable on-board GRB trigger.
- ✓ GRB physical model: Develop for LAT science analysis.
- ✓ LAT science analysis tools: advise on scope and design.
- **LAT alert: Determine practical contents of the LAT GRB alert message.**
- **GBM-S/C-LAT communications:** Study how GBM information can help identify LAT GRB photons on-board S/C.



## **GRB Simulations: Signal**

#### ✓ GRB signal:

- GRBsim (N. Omodei) based on physics of colliding shells
- GRBmaker (S. Bansal: C++, J. Norris: IDL) based on empirical distributions (BATSE), and extrapolation to LAT energies:
  - **Peak Fluxes**
  - **Durations**
  - **Pulse Widths (E)**
  - **→** Spectral Power-laws

"necessary & ~ sufficient" for trigger studies

LAT profiles – single power-law spectra GBM profiles – broken power-law spectra

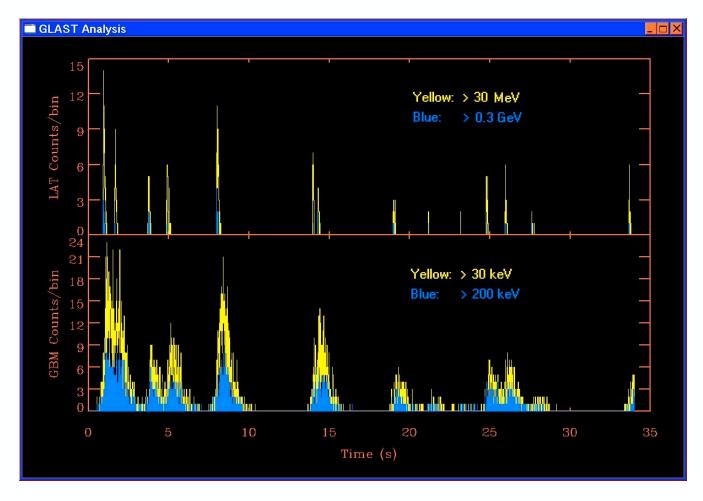
 We need the GBM information to study how GBM might help identify LAT photons on-board, or in ground quick-look data.

#### We also need to compare

- LAT and GBM trigger efficiencies, and
- LAT and GBM localization accuracies.



# Atypical (They're all different) GRB Simulation



Dur = 34 s  

$$F_p = 1.5 \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

GBM: Area [] 3 Nal detectors



## **GRB Simulations: Background**

- Use on-board track recon for GRB photons (J. Cohen-Tanugi)
- ✓ Detect the GRB signal, processing through GLEAM (J. Bonnell)
- ✓ Add to detected GRB signal ... the LAT on-board background:
  - After applicable on-board filters ☐ realize ~ 30 Hz background rate
  - Choose energies from on-board decimated background-mix spectrum (S. Ritz)
  - Choose directions of particles from detected distributions.
- © Do many set of runs, varying: background rate and form (constant, or 1st order polynomial), burst selection, event window. (Team)

Bottom line philosophy: Separating the detection of signal and background in this way is expedient, and the resulting accuracy is commensurate with (or better than) the GRB simulation.



#### **GRB Sims: What Things are Missing**

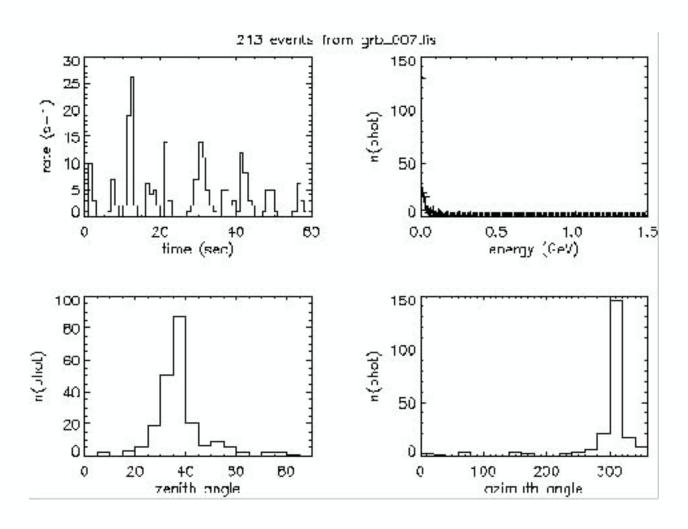
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(S. Bansal, J. McEnery, B. Dingus, R. Preece, J. Norris)

- Pulse clustering
- Refined pulse-width energy dependence
- Spectral softening across burst duration
- EGRET/BATSE cross-calibration of power-law index distribution
- Duration and E<sub>peak</sub> dependences on peak flux
- Redshift-dependent attenuation by IR background
- Energy- & Redshift-dependent temporal dispersion (QG theory)
- All refinements pertain (mostly) to science investigations.

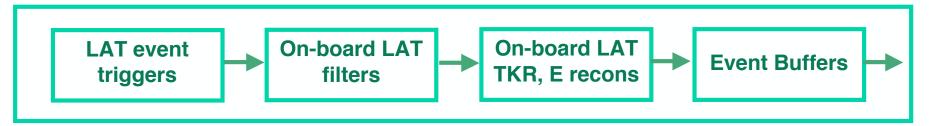


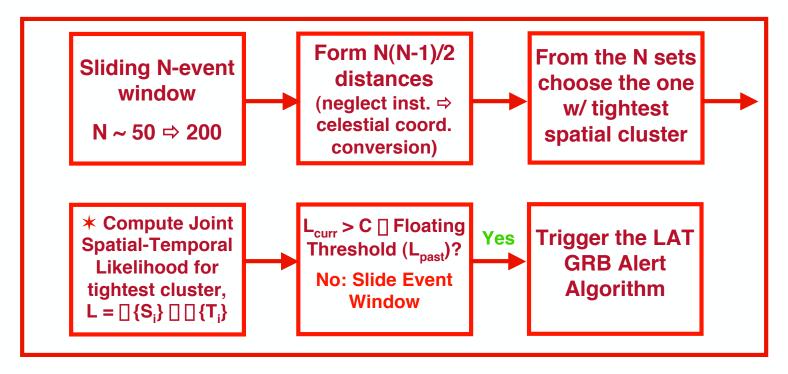
# **GRBmaker: Testing**





## "Placeholder" LAT GRB Trigger





**★** Various spatial, temporal (Bayesian Blocks) refinements possible.



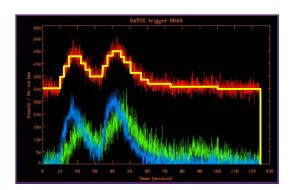
#### Some LAT GRB Alert Trade Studies

- **Output** How to realize best, prompt LAT GRB localization:
  - Use many LAT photons with TKR recon on-board, OR Fewer (but high E) photons telemetered to ground in alert message, and run "full-up" TKR recon at MOC?
- What kind of GBM information might be used to help identify LAT photons on-board:

Use some measure of spectral hardness + count rates, OR
 Specific timing information about pulse structure positions ?

**Like Bayesian Blocks** 

J. Scargle, S.J.S.U.



© Definition of LAT alert parms (spectral, temporal, spatial)



#### **GRB Physical Model**

#### The Theoretical model

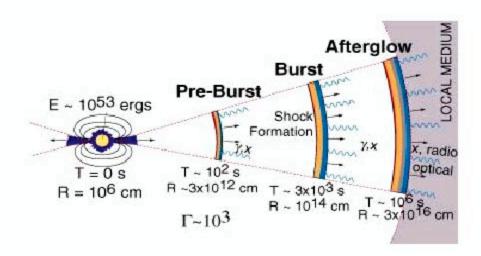
We have started from a plausible astrophysical source model (Fireball Model) that describes the temporal behaviour of a typical Gamma Ray Burst

The central engine emits shells with different Lorentz Factor.

The shells collide -> formation of shocks wave inside the shell's material

The shock accelerate the electrons that emits by synchrotron (presence of MF).

The high energy emission is provide by the Compton Scattering





#### **GRB Processing: Summary**

- ✓ A GRB core simulation group has been formed, is seriously pursuing practical answers to LAT trigger, alert and localization issues, and will interact with flight SW teams.
- ✓ The two (C++) GRB simulation packages (one empirical, one physics based) make synthetic GRBs spanning the GBM+LAT energy regime suitable for addressing the issues.
- ✓ A (5-dimensionally) adjustable strawman LAT GRB trigger algorithm (C++) is being exercised in the Gleam context.
- A plan for defining and optimizing the contents of the LAT GRB alert message is in place – 6 to 9 months for recommendation.
- **○** A related study is planned to determine whether the most rapid, accurate LAT GRB localizations should be generated onboard, or at the MOC 9 to 12 months for recommendation.